

# Binary Independent Component Analysis: Theory and Applications in Networking

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**PH.D. SHOWCASE PRESENTATION**

# Independent Component Analysis (ICA)



## Cocktail Party Problem

- Given the linear mixture of some unknown variables

$$\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{G} \times \mathbf{y}$$

(data)                      (linear mixing matrix)                      (sources)

- $\mathbf{y}$ : mutually independent variables
- Revealing underlying sources
- Application: Image processing, document databases, financial analysis ...

# Binary ICA with OR Mixtures

- Consider the model where observations ( $\mathbf{x}$ ) are disjunctive mixtures of binary independent sources ( $\mathbf{y}$ )

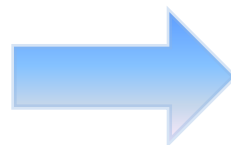
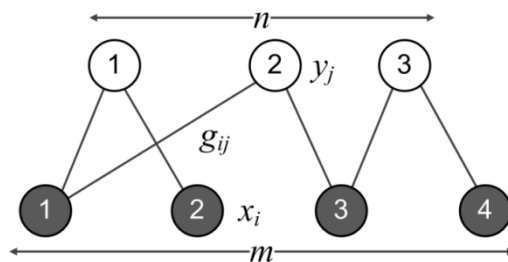
$$x_i = \bigvee_{j=1}^n (g_{ij} \wedge y_j), \quad i = 1, \dots, m$$

- ICA assumes continuous variables  $\rightarrow$  not directly applicable
- Binary Independent Component Analysis: From observation matrix  $\mathbf{x}$ , infer the **mixing matrix  $\mathbf{G}$**  and **activity matrix  $\mathbf{y}$**

# Binary ICA Model

- $n$  independent binary sources:  $\mathbf{y} = [y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n]$
- $m$  monitors:  $\mathbf{x} = [x_1, x_2, \dots, x_m]$
- Binary mixing matrix:

$$\mathbf{G} = g_{ij} \in \{0, 1\}, i = [1, \dots, m], j = [1, \dots, n]$$



$$\mathbf{G} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- Binary ICA model:  $\mathbf{x} = \underset{\text{(unknown)}}{\mathbf{G}} \otimes \underset{\text{(unknown)}}{\mathbf{y}}$

# Binary ICA Inference Algorithm

- **Input:** Observation matrix  $X$
- **Output:** Mixing matrix  $G$ , active probability  $p$

```
FindBICA ()  
if  $m = 1$  then  
     $p_0 = \mathcal{F}(x_1 = 0)$   
     $p_1 = \mathcal{F}(x_1 = 1)$   
else  
     $p_{1:2^{m-1}-1}^0 = \text{FindBICA}(X_{(m-1) \times T}^0)$   
     $p_{1:2^{m-1}-1}^* = \text{FindBICA}(X_{(m-1) \times T})$   
    for  $l = 1, \dots, 2^{m-1} - 1$  do  
         $p_{l+2^{m-1}} = 1 - \frac{1-p_l^*}{1-p_l^0}$ 
```

Huy Nguyen and Rong Zheng, “Binary Independent Component Analysis with OR Mixtures”, <http://arxiv.org/abs/1007.0528>

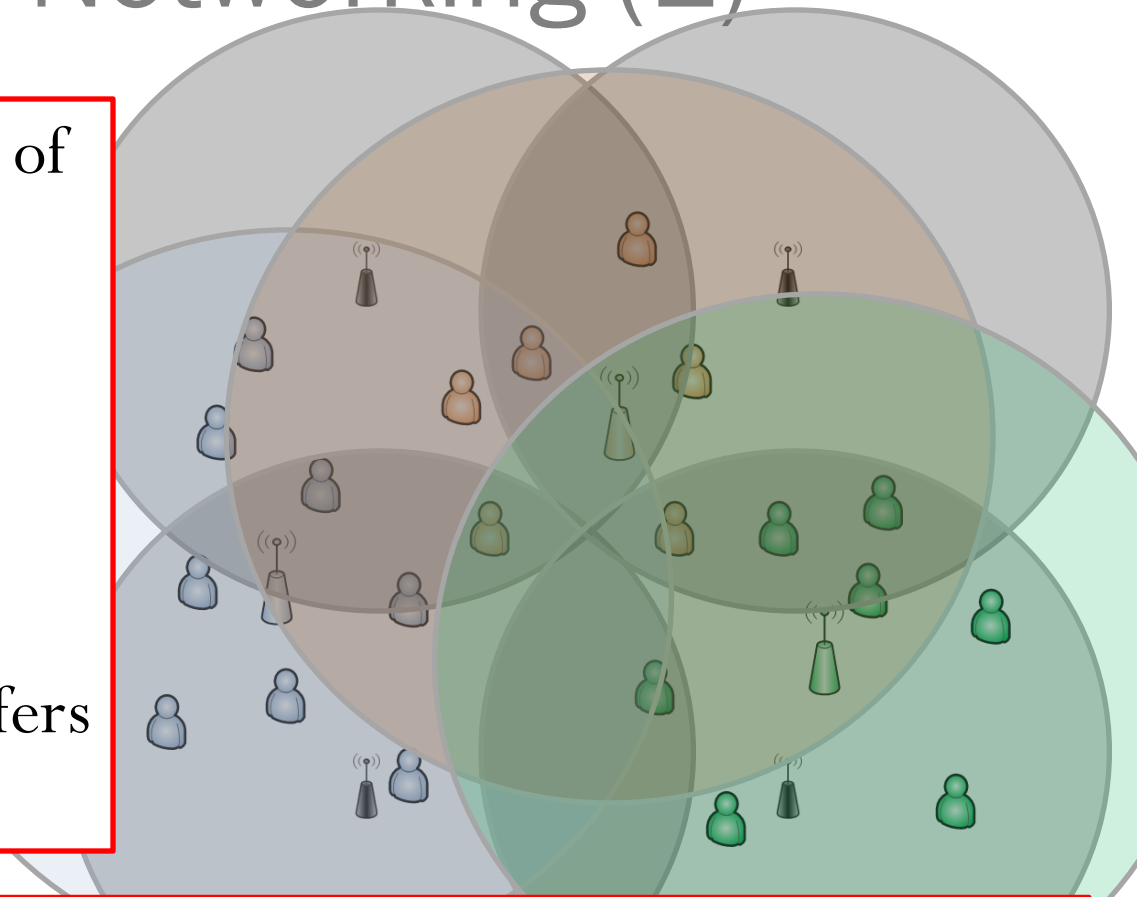
# Application in Networking (1)

Problem: Maximize number of monitored users

**x**: binary observations from sniffers

**y**: user activities

**G**: relationship between sniffers and users



A. Chhetri, Huy Nguyen, G. Scalosub, and R. Zheng, “On Quality of Monitoring for Multi-channel Wireless Infrastructure Networks”, In Proc. of Mobihoc’10

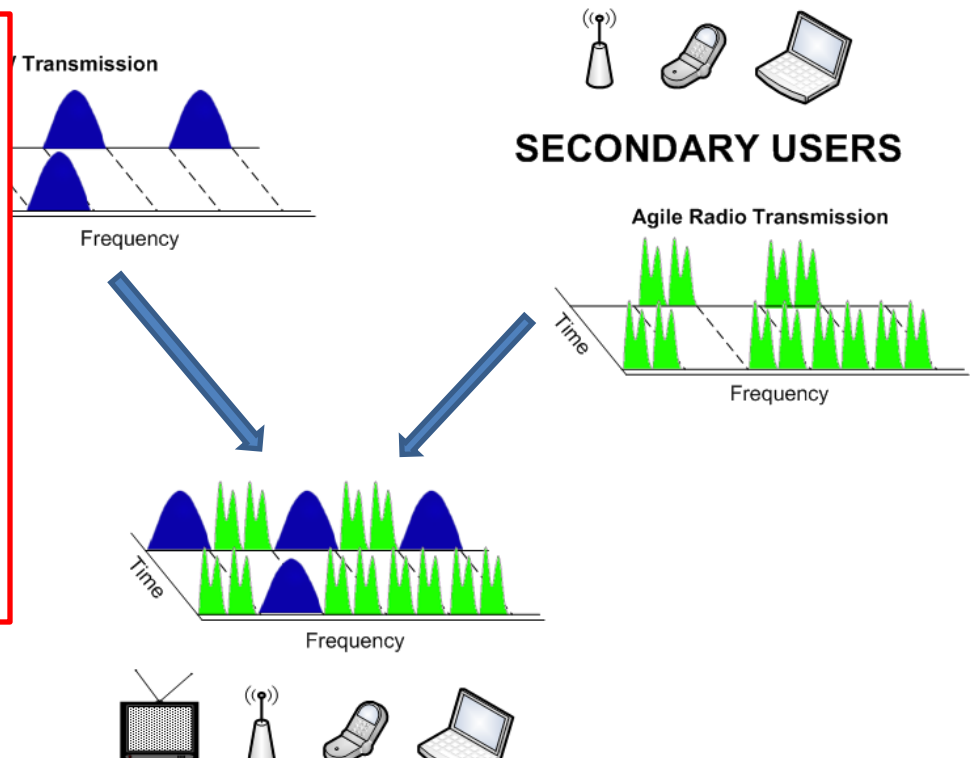
# Application in Networking (2)

Problem: PU Separation

**x**: SU observations

**y**: PU activities

**G**: relationship between PUs  
and SUs



Huy Nguyen, Rong Zheng, and Zhu Han, "Binary is Good: A Binary Inference Framework for Primary User Separation in Cognitive Radio Networks", In Proc. of CrownCom'10



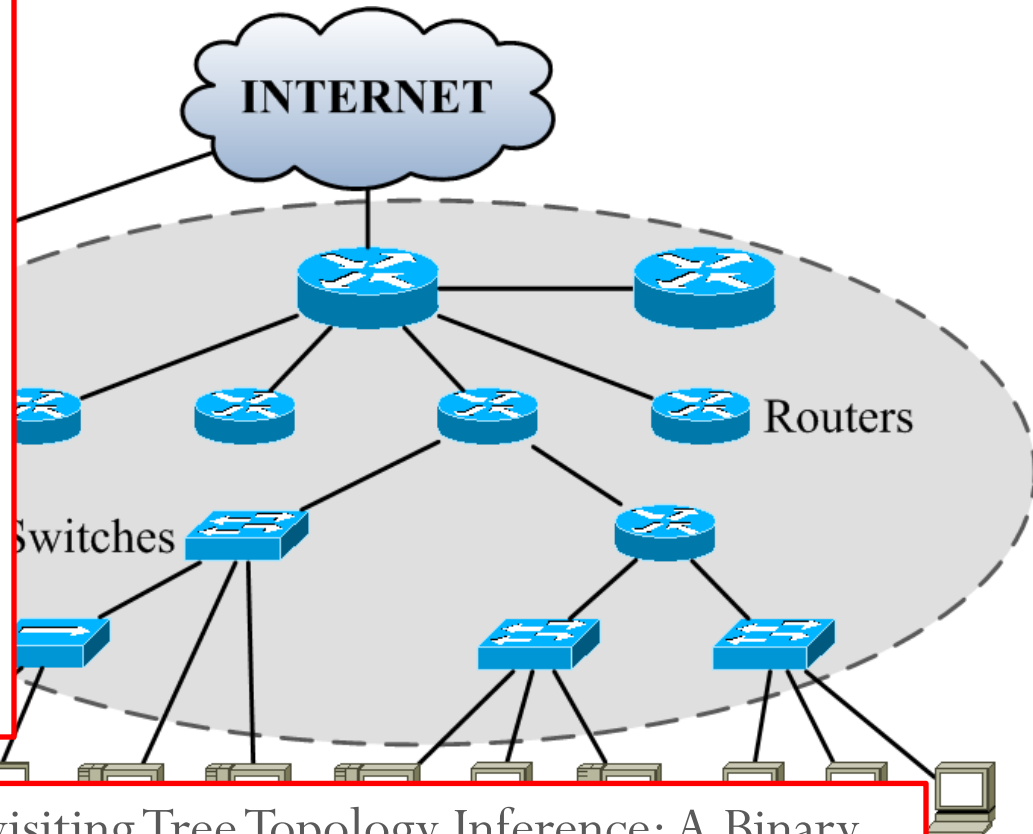
# Application in Networking (3)

Problem: Multicast topology inference

**x**: binary packet loss observations from monitors

**y**: link loss events

**G**: relationship between links and monitors



Huy Nguyen and Rong Zheng, "Revisiting Tree Topology Inference: A Binary Independent Component Analysis Approach", In submission to INFOCOM'11



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION



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